

Problem Statement

- 50% of pediatric oncology patients on chemotherapy are malnourished
 - Consequences can be severe:
 - Reduced treatment success
 - Reduced survival rate
- Children's Oncology Group recommends nutrition screening at diagnosis and throughout treatment
- Current nutritional management on a pediatric unit:
 - Inconsistent
 - Lacks a standardized policy

Project Purpose

- To implement a nutritional management algorithm for pediatric oncology patients to improve early recognition of malnutrition and early nutrition interventions
- Short term goals:
 - 100% of patients receive daily weights, height x weight measured on 2 intervals and nutrition consult
 - 100% of patients have documented weight/BMI/weight for length change from baseline
- Long term goals:
 - Standard nutritional order set in EHR
 - 100% of patients have nutritional measures tracked from diagnosis until end of treatment

Methods

Setting: Inpatient pediatric unit in an academic medical center

Population: Pediatric oncology patients undergoing chemotherapy

Structure Measures:

- Nutrition management algorithm
 - Loss of 1 z-score in BMI/weight for length or $\geq 5\%$ weight loss from diagnosis \rightarrow algorithm referenced

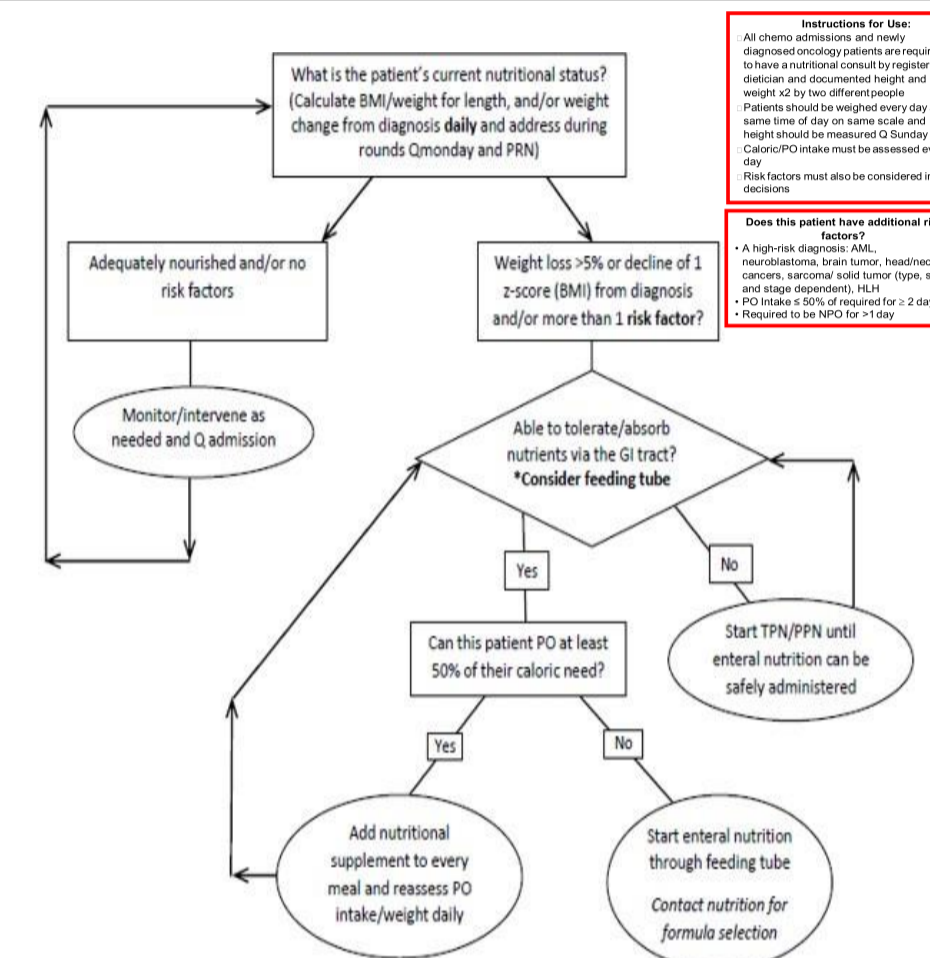
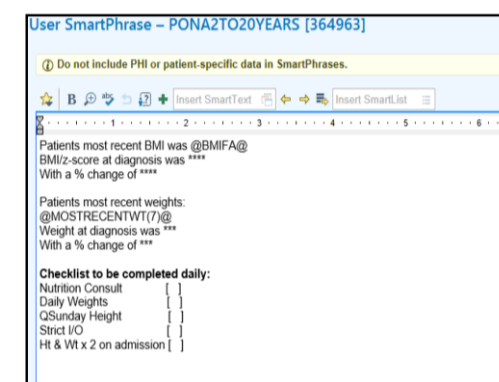
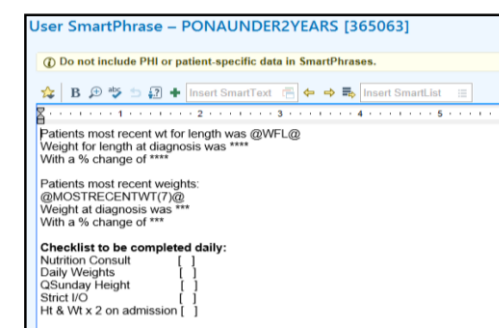
Process Measures:

- Creation of electronic smart phrases
 - Required user to input daily changes from baseline
 - Contained checklist of orders to be placed
- Staff compliance

Outcome Measures: nutritional parameters

Strategies & Tactics: attendance in multidisciplinary rounds, continuous staff education and updates

Algorithm and Smart Phrases



Instructions for Use:
All chemo admissions and newly diagnosed oncology patients are required to have a nutritional consult by registered dietitian and documented height and weight ≥ 2 by two different people. Patients should be weighed every day at same time of day on same scale and height should be measured Q Sunday. Caloric/PO intake must be assessed every day. Risk factors must also be considered in all decisions.

Does this patient have additional risk factors?
• A high-risk diagnosis: AML, neuroblastoma, brain tumor, head/neck cancers, sarcoma, solid tumor (type, site and stage dependent), HLH
• PO intake $\leq 50\%$ of required for > 2 days
• Required to be NPO for > 1 day

Discussion

- Implementation of a nutrition management algorithm:
 - Improved compliance in tracking weight/BMI/weight for length changes
 - Improved compliance of nursing driven measures
 - Increased nutrition consults and consistent collaboration
- Smart phrases and baseline metrics database eased calculation and management decision making

Limitations:

- Short project study period
- Small sample size
- Unreliable/unavailable technology (scales/tape measures)
- COVID-19 pandemic delayed creation of EHR order set

Conclusion

- Implementation of a nutrition management algorithm improves early recognition of malnutrition and early nutritional interventions in hospitalized pediatric oncology patients
- Standardizing practice improved overall compliance by residents and nursing
- Future Steps:
 - Development of a standardized nutrition order set in EHR
 - Application to outpatient nutrition management

References

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Results

Demographics	Pre-implementation	Implementation
n	9	12
Admissions followed	25	25
Age (avg. in years)	11.06	8.13
Gender		
Female	5	11
Male	4	1
Race		
Asian	2	3
Caucasian	1	4
Hispanic	2	0
African-American	3	4
Other	1	1
Diagnosis		
Leukemia	5	6
Wilms' Tumor	1	3
Osteosarcoma	2	1
Lymphoma	1	1
Neuroblastoma	0	2

